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## GUIA EBSCO

Para hacer búsquedas en la base de datos EBSCO lo primero que debemos hacer es ingresar bien a la plataforma de biblioteca digital con su usuario y password correctamente, ya ingresando elegimos la base de datos a consulta.

### EBSCO

Ya una vez que elegimos en esta ocasión la base de datos EBSCO, al darle clic en la imagen con mandara a una pantalla donde nos mostrara 2 bases de datos de diferentes disciplinas, en esta ocasión elegiremos la base de datos “Ebscohost Research Databases” una vez que le demos clic en esa base de datos y nos mostrara distintas bases y diferentes disciplinas cada uno tiene sus propios Journals. (Fig. 1)(Fi.2)



Fig. 1

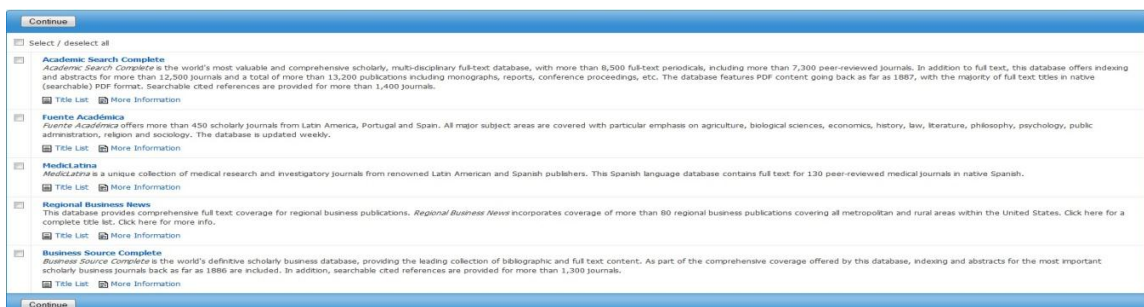


Fig. 2



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Ya estando para elegir una base de datos como se muestra en la fig. 2, para hacer el ejemplo elegiremos la primera opción que es “Academic Search Complete”, en cada base de datos tenemos dos opciones donde nos puede mostrar la lista de títulos que contiene esta base de datos, nos lo muestra en orden alfabético (Fig. 3). Damos en clic en la liga y nos mandara a una opción de búsqueda donde ingresaremos el tema a buscar. (Fig. 4)

**Academic Search Complete**  
Academic Search Complete is the v  
and abstracts for more than 12,500  
(searchable) PDF format. Searchabl

[Title List](#) [More Information](#)

Fig. 3



Searching: **Academic Search Complete** | Choose Databases »

[?](#)

▶ Search Options | Basic Search | Advanced Search | Visual Search | Search History

Fig. 4

La lista se muestra como se los comentaba en orden alfabético como se ve en la Fig. 5.

Browsing: **Academic Search Complete -- Publications**

**Alphabetical**  By Subject & Description  Match Any Words

Page: [Previous](#) | [Next](#) | [A](#) [B](#) [C](#) [D](#) [E](#) [F](#) [G](#) [H](#) [I](#) [J](#) [K](#) [L](#) [M](#) [N](#) [O](#) [P](#) [Q](#) [R](#) [S](#) [T](#) [U](#) [V](#) [W](#) [X](#) [Y](#) [Z](#)

Mark Items for Search


-  **I + A: Investigación + Acción**  
Bibliographic Records: 01/01/2006 to present  
Full Text: 01/01/2006 to present  
 PDF Full Text
-  **AAC: Augmentative & Alternative Communication**  
Bibliographic Records: 06/01/2001 to present
-  **AACN Clinical Issues: Advanced Practice in Acute & Critical Care**  
Bibliographic Records: 02/01/2002 to 01/31/2006
-  **AANA Journal**  
Bibliographic Records: 02/01/2001 to present  
Full Text: 02/01/2001 to present  
 PDF Full Text

Fig. 5



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Ahora regresando a la búsqueda como se menciona anteriormente (Fig. 4) ingresaremos el tema a buscar, el tema a buscar que elegiremos será “Network” recuerden esta base de datos está completamente en ingles, y los temas a buscar debe ser en ingles. Fig. 6

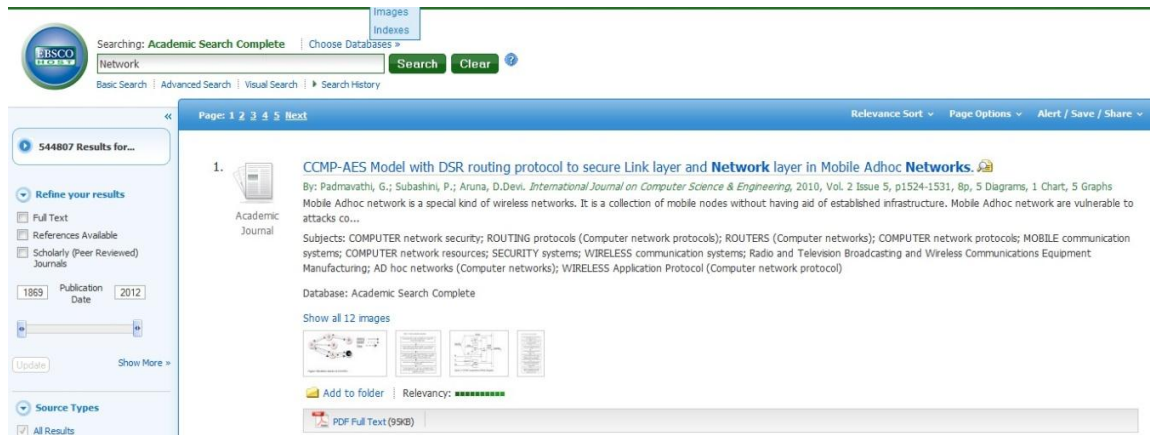


Fig. 6

Cuando hayamos ingresado el tema a buscar nos mostrara varios artículos con la descripción del tema, y nos mostrara el contenido así como su archivo en pdf para descargarlo y si contiene imágenes nos muestra en la parte inferior, si damos un clic en el archivo pdf, nos abrirá una pantalla como se ve en la fig. 7.

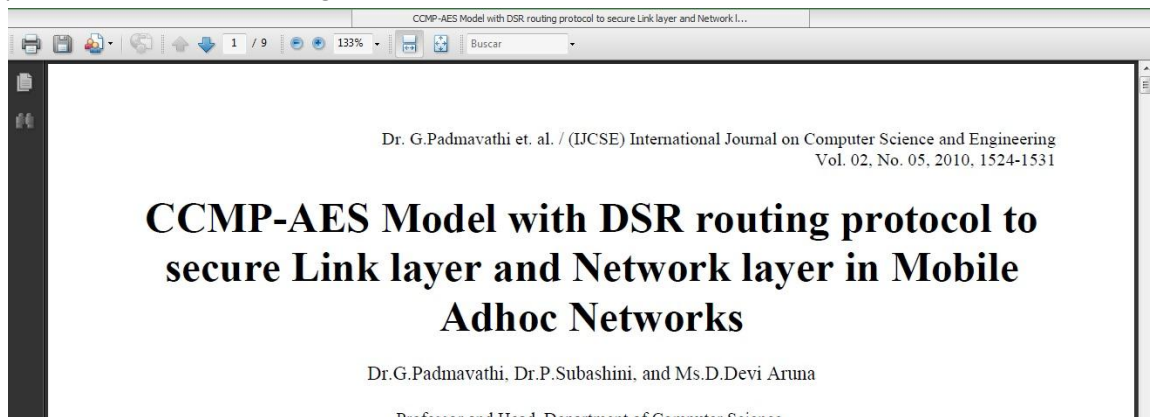


Fig. 7

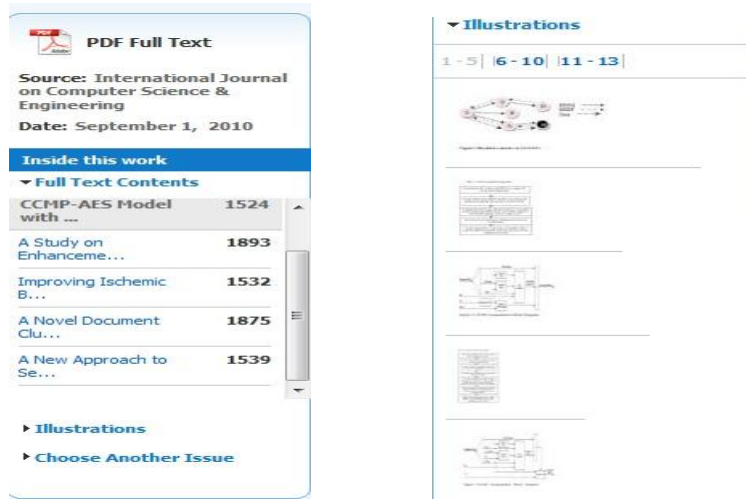


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Del lado izquierdo nos muestra una tabla donde podremos ver los tipos de materiales que tengamos en nuestra búsqueda como periódico, Journal, revistas etc. Fig. 8.



**PDF Full Text**

Source: International Journal on Computer Science & Engineering  
Date: September 1, 2010

**Inside this work**

Full Text Contents

CCMP-AES Model with ...	1524
A Study on Enhanceme...	1893
Improving Ischemic B...	1532
A Novel Document Clu...	1875
A New Approach to Se...	1539

Illustrations

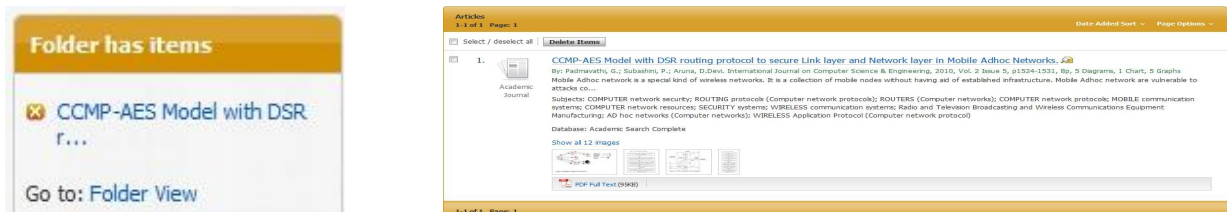
Choose Another Issue

**Illustrations**

1 - 5 | 6 - 10 | 11 - 13

Fig. 8

Ahora si este archivo nos es de mucha ayuda para lo que estamos investigando podemos guardarlo en un folder dentro de la misma base de datos para poder hacer más búsquedas de los temas relacionados. Fig. 9




Folder has items

CCMP-AES Model with DSR

Go to: Folder View

Articles 1 of 1 Page: 1

Select / deselect all Delete: Items

1. CCMP-AES Model with DSR routing protocol to secure Link layer and Network layer in Mobile Adhoc Networks.   
By: Padavathi, G.; Subashin, P.; Aruna, D. *International Journal on Computer Science & Engineering*, 2010, Vol. 2 Issue 5, p1524-1531, 8p, 5 Diagrams, 1 Chart, 5 Graphs  
Mobile Adhoc network is a special kind of wireless networks. It is a collection of mobile nodes without having aid of established infrastructure. Mobile Adhoc network are vulnerable to attacks etc.  
Subjects: COMPUTER network security; ROUTING protocols (Computer network protocols); ROUTERS (Computer networks); COMPUTER network protocols; MOBILE communication systems; COMPUTER network resources; SECURITY systems; WIRELESS communication systems; Radio and Television Broadcasting and Wireless Communications Equipment Manufacturing; AD hoc networks (Computer networks); WIRELESS Application Protocol (Computer network protocol)  
Database: Academic Search Complete  
Show all 12 images

PDF Full Text (5KB)

1 of 1 Page: 1

Fig. 9

En esta imagen podemos ver del lado izquierdo nos muestra un icono del tipo de material que estamos consultado. Fig. 10

31.  **Hack Attack.** 

By: Saporito, Bill. *Time*, 7/4/2011, Vol. 178 Issue 1, p50-55, 4p, 1 Color Photograph

An article is presented that reports on the use of online social networks in computer hacking and their role in internet crime and cybertheft. The article describes how hackers, called hacktivist...

Subjects: HACKING (Computer security); ONLINE social networks; COMPUTER hackers; COMPUTER network security; HACKTIVISM; COMPUTER crimes; COMPUTER security; MANAGEMENT

Database: Academic Search Complete

 Add to folder | Relevancy: ■■■■■■■■■■

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Fig. 10



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Ahí artículos o archivos que podemos escucharlo o bajarlo en mp3 y solo va leyendo el artículo pero es idioma ingles. Fig. 11

Hack Attack

**Contents**

- Social networking has helped hackers unleash Web mayhem. Even scarier: cyberthieves are adopting the same techniques
- The New Threat Matrix
- The Black Hats Are Winning
- The Counterattack
- THE TOLL OF ONLINE HACKING
- Who's Behind the Hacks?
- THE HACKERS
- METHODS OF ATTACK
- High Alert
- PHISHING 101
- PASSWORD PROTECTION

TECHNOLOGY | HACKING

**Social networking has helped hackers unleash Web mayhem. Even scarier: cyberthieves are adopting the same techniques**

So who would you like to hack today? A bank, a website, a corporation or perhaps a government agency that's rubbing you the wrong way? The hacktivist group LulzSec is taking requests. Or maybe you'd like to get your hands on some stolen credit-card accounts to boost your personal spending level or purchase some malware that will divert a business's payments from its vendors to you. A malware seller called Zeus not only can do that but also provides customer support. Hacking has become a service and entertainment business--and in a quantity and at a quality never before reached.

Hacktivism, pranktivism, idealism and malware coders are oozing past the circa-2000 **network**-security gates of corporations and governments with ease. Among the biggest hacks was the one that brought down Sony's PlayStation **Network**. Some fingered the politically motivated group Anonymous, and authorities in Spain have arrested several purported members. But Anonymous has said, Not us.

When Sony announced that it had finally restored service, the gang of merry hackers called LulzSec began to trample through its websites, including Sony Pictures. LulzSec, which makes a point of pointing out holes in Web security, used a hack called an SQL injection (see box, page 52), then tweeted about it: "We accessed EVERYTHING. Why do you put such faith in a company that allows itself to become open to these simple attacks?" It has since broken into gaming companies such as Bethesda Softworks and Minecraft. It used a hack called a distributed-denial-of-service attack to lock up the CIA's website; it accessed account information from Citibank.

LulzSec may be the headline hacker, but it's not the most malevolent. The black-hat, criminal side of the practice is booming by adopting a similar approach. Cyberthieves have shifted their focus to social **networks**. Instead of attacking corporate firewalls head-on, they are breaching corporate sites using social engineering, convincing someone within a company that an e-mail is from a friend or colleague. It's a technique called spear phishing: the idea is to identify vulnerable targets--say, someone in human resources or finance--and, through them, burrow into corporate **networks**. They are feasting on small and medium-size businesses like wolves on lambs.

There is also a real cyberwar being waged by nations. Reports of cybersecurity incidents from federal agencies have increased 660% over the past five years, to 41,776 in 2010, according to the Government Accountability Office's information-security-issues director. The **networks** of the Department of Defense (DOD) are probed millions of times every day. More than 100 foreign intelligence agencies have attempted to penetrate DOD **networks** or those of military contractors--attacks characterized as APTs, or advanced persistent threats. At least one got into the

Fig. 11

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TECHNOLOGY | HACKING

Así como esta base de datos podemos elegir otras y son las mismas búsquedas.